

# 16 Week Sprint - 2x Balanced

comments: 7

- 0.5mile Swim | 13mile Bike | 3.2mile Run
- 800meter Swim | 21km Bike | 5k Run
- By using this program, you accept the **RESTRICTIONS AND TERMS OF USE**

#### Program Details

- · 2-Swim, 2-Bike and 2-Run per week (6 sessions)
- You have between 2 and 4 hours per week to train.
- You <u>will</u> most likely train over the mileage necessary for the triathlon. This will ensure that you can do all three events together.

#### Join this Group!

- · Connect with other members on this plan
- Get help and support
- · Stay motivated
- · Share tips
- This program is based on finishing times of 'back-of-packers' If you are new and somewhat slower, that is Ok. If you do the times, you will finish the mileage. Faster people with previous athletic backgrounds will do just as well or better on this program as you will be exceeding the distances which will make you better prepared for a good race.
- Start this program if you can do Week 1's minutes fairly consistently with no problems or extreme fatigue. If not and you need a running/biking program to start <u>before</u> this program, go to 'Couch to Sprint.'
- Re-organize the program around to suit <u>your</u> schedule. JUST REMEMBER to keep the short sessions and Off days around the Long sessions. This will allow plenty of rest before and after the long sessions. You don't have to do 'two-a-days' if your schedule doesn't permit. Just reorganize this and train on 6 days instead of 5. Although you will have to do two-a-days if doing the 3x program. You will have better success if your two-a-days are split up in the morning and night sessions.
- · ALWAYS leave minimum 1-2 days of NO TRAINING each week. Your body will thank you and will prevent injuries.
- This program IS JUST a volume-builder. If your new to endurance, its recommended to focus on only volume for your first year, the following years you can start adding intensity-specific workouts as you will have a good base. BUT the following program is easily modified for intensity training.

Program training details and information following this schedule.

Month 1										
Week	M	I	w	<u>TH</u>	E	<u>s</u>	<u>s</u>	TOTAL	Vol	
1	12-Swim	Off	20-Swim	12-Run	40-Bike	Off	20-Run	2h 8m		
	24-Bike							128m		
2	13-Swim	Off	22-Swim	13-Run	44-Bike	Off	22-Run	2h 20m	+10%	
	26-Bike							140m		
<u>3</u>	14-Swim	Off	24-Swim	14-Run	48-Bike	Off	24-Run	2h 33m	+10%	
	29-Bike							153m	1	
4	14-Swim	Off	14-Swim	14-Run	29-Bike	Off	14-Run	1h 54m	-25%	
	29-Bike							114m		
Notes	Short Swim	Off	Long Swim	Short Run	Long Bike	Off	Long Run			
	Short Bike	]								
			,	,	,		Gran	d total: 8h s	55m	

	Month 2										
Week	<u>M</u>	Ī	<u>w</u>	<u>TH</u>	E	<u>s</u>	<u>s</u>	TOTAL	Vol		
1	14-Swim	Off	24-Swim	14-Run	48-Bike	Off	24-Run	2h 33m			
	29-Bike							153m			
2	16-Swim	Off	26-Swim	16-Run	53-Bike	Off	26-Run	2h 45m	+10%		
	28-Bike							165m			
3	17-Swim	Off	29-Swim	17-Run	58-Bike	Off	29-Run	3h 5m	+10%		
	35-Bike							185m			

4	17-Swim	Off	17-Swim	17-Run	35-Bike	Off	17-Run	2h 18m	-25%	
	35-Bike							138m		
Notes	Short Swim	Off	Long Swim	Short Run	Long Bike	Off	Long Run			
	Short Bike									
							Grand	total: 10h 4	41m	

Month 3										
Week	<u>M</u>	I	w	TH	E	<u>s</u>	<u>s</u>	TOTAL	Vol	
1	17-Swim	Off	29-Swim	17-Run	58-Bike	Off	29-Run	3h 5m		
	35-Bike							185m	1	
<u>2</u>	19-Swim	Off	32-Swim	19-Run	64-Bike	Off	32-Run	3h 24m	+10%	
	38-Bike							204m	]	
3	21-Swim	Off	35-Swim	21-Run	70-Bike	Off	35-Run	3h 44m	+10%	
	42-Bike							224m	]	
4	21-Swim	Off	21-Swim	21-Run	42-Bike	Off	21-Run	2h 48m	-25%	
	42-Bike							188m	1	
Notes	Short Swim	Off	Long Swim	Short Run	Long Bike	Off	Long Run			
	Short Bike									

Month 4									
Week	<u>M</u>	I	w	<u>TH</u>	E	<u>s</u>	<u>s</u>	TOTAL	Vol
1	21-Swim	Off	35-Swim	21-Run	70-Bike	Off	35-Run	3h 44m	
	42-Bike							224m	1
<u>2</u>	23-Swim	Off	39-Swim	23-Run	77-Bike	Off	39-Run	4h 7m	+10%
	46-Bike							247m	Peak
3	18-Swim	Off	31-Swim	Off	62-Bike	Off	31-Run	3h 17m	-20%
	37-Bike				18-Run			197m	Таре
4	14-Swim	Off	23-Swim	46-Bike	Off	Race	Race	2h 05m	-20%
	28-Bike			14-Run				+Race	Таре
Notes	Short Swim	Off	Long Swim	Short Run	Long Bike	Off	Long Run		
	Short Bike								

## Program Structure

- Each Discipline has a short and long session per week.
- $\bullet\,$  The Short session will be 60% of the long session.
- $\bullet$  Week 4 of Month 1, 2 and 3 is a 25% reduction in duration to facilitate rest and healing.
- You only increase your duration on week 2 and 3 by 10% a week. A golden rule.
- Week 1 starts off at the prior months week 3 so we don't automatically start increasing duration after a rest week.
- The last month incorporates your peak duration followed by 2 weeks of tapering so your body can appropriately rest and heal to get ready for your race day. YOU WILL NOT LOSE PERFORMANCE! So don't worry. This tapering is very necessary.
- If you find you can't make a day of training, don't fret...relax, your body will welcome the opportunity for rest. Move it back a day, double up or just let it go.

#### Swim

- Speed workouts Do these workouts on the 'short swims.' These workouts should include shorter swims with recovery in between but focusing on swimming fast (ex. 5 x 100s, then 10 x 50s)
- Endurance swim a straight 500, mixing whatever strokes in with your freestyle to finish, get your time, this will be your base for long workouts, as you build endurance this time should decrease (ex. 3 x 500 matching your base time each swim) Strength these workouts include 'medium' distance swims (ex.4 x 200s with little recovery time in between), also mix in some other strokes and kicking. Try to include some stroke drill work in every workout. Do the strength workouts for 'medium' swims on the 'swimming emphasized' program if your swimming needs most improvement.

If new to swimming, lessons or a master program will be incredibly beneficial to your swim.

#### Bike

- I would follow the same method of <u>warm-up</u> from the run for your bike: Start with a 5min walk, 3-5minute light, slow jog, 5min walk, LIGHT, gentle stretching, 5min walk THEN start your biking. OR start out at an easy pace at a higher cadence of 90+ rpms for 10minutes (higher revolutions per minute) to get the blood flowing to your muscles. Then spin for a few minutes at normal cadence at about 75% of your pace Stretch. Transition to your regular cadence and workout.
- On spinning, work on a high cadence 90 to 100 rpms (revolutions per minute), this builds efficiency, try to keep your pedal stroke even and circular. A cycling computer will aid you greatly so your spinning is consistent. A flat ride or just spinning on a trainer or in a spin class keeping the tension low will work. For strength, ride with hills, spinerval tape, spin class, all will work for a good workout.
- For cool-downs, slow your pace and increase your cadence for the last 5-10minutes. Get off your bike and walk for 10-20minutes. Follow with some light, gentle stretching, walk a little more. Have a more intensive stretch later that day/night. Cool-downs eliminates lactic acid, brings your heart-rate to normal and prevents muscle cramps.

#### Run

- Get fitted for a proper running shoe at a dedicated running store FIRST!!! A lot of injuries can be avoided this way...just ask us.
- · Avoid running on asphalt or concrete....find a good, smooth trail.
- A good <u>warm-up</u> is imperative to a safe run. A recommendation is to start with a 5min walk, 3-5minute light, slow jog, 5min walk, LIGHT, gentle stetching, 5min walk THEN start your run. Doing this will get some blood flowing to your muscles before stretching. NEVER stretch a cold muscle.
- If you find that you start getting tired midway through your run, add some walking intervals BEFORE getting tired. Example: On your 30 minute long run, you get tired at the 15minute mark. Try this: warm-up, run 10min, walk 2min, run 10min, walk 2min, run 10min, cool down. Break your long runs up into 1/3rds or 1/2's with 2minute walking intervals before you get tired. Trying to push yourself through a tiring last part of your run is a recipe for injury.
- <u>Cool-down</u>. Very important. Cool-downs eliminates lactic acid, brings your heart-rate to normal and prevents muscle cramps. Walk for at least 5-10minutes. The more the better. Do a LIGHT, gentle stretch session after your walk, walk some more. Later that day/night, do a more intensive stretching.

### Heart-Rate Training - Is it for you?

- If you are new to endurance sports or maybe have been out of it for at least a year, then I would recommend the following:
- **Don't worry about it** if you have no problems restraining yourself from going fast. If you can maintain an easy conversation pace, not sweating or sweating a little, then there is a good chance that you are training appropriately and not pushing to hard.
- **WORRY about** it if you find yourself always pushing too fast, inconsistent pace, you tend to 'die' near the end, sweating buckets or exhausted after your workout. Check out the articles at 'Heart Rate.' There are several other common methods, lactate threshold being another. Typically for your first year, for the Karvonen formula, stay in zone **I. Long Slow** = 50-70%MHR (% of max heart-rate) and **II. Endurance** = 70-75%. Mainly in the second zone though. This could be an RPE of 3-4 in the modified RPE (Real Perceived Exertion) chart.
- Of course, if you have a years worth of base under you, then HR training will make you more competitive by training your body through the different zones throughout the week. Essentially cycling volume with intensity. This will increase your average pace as you will be doing tempo/threshold and interval HR training...HR rates above the endurance and recovery zones. Typically you would train in zones above your endurance zone on your short and medium sessions while saving your long session for the lower endurance zone...an easy pace. This method is called periodization training and lots of info can be found.

### Bricks - Race Specific Training

- See the cells with the 'grey' background in the final 2 weeks of your training plan? These are 'brick' workouts. As your volume starts decreasing 2 weeks leading up to your race, you will want to mimic the swim-to-bike and the bike-to-run transition back-to-back. This is your race specific training. Bike-to-run will be the most difficult.
- $\cdot$  These sessions should be done at your zone 1-2 pace or 2-3 modified RPE. We want these EASY.
- Also what helps others for the bike-to-run is to tack on about 5-10minutes of running at the end of your bike rides using the Karvonen zone 1 or zone 2-3 modified RPE...a light pace.

## Strength Training

- Weights are very important and most often overlooked for triathlon training. We need to keep our bones, tendons and joints strong! Strength training 2 times per week is a great injury prevention.
- For your schedule, fit 2 days of strength anywhere in the program...just leave a day of 'no strength training' between them. Just make sure you still keep at least 1-2 days of 'total rest' per week.

### Other Notes

- If doing any speed work or training at a higher heart-rate zones, do them on the short sessions. Always keep your long sessions easy-going.
- You will note that the minutes are not rounded to zeros and fives like most other programs, example: 32, 34 NOT 30, 35. I do not round up or down as, in doing so, I would be violating my personal 10% week per session rule on many occasions. Plus its a more consistent program in my opinion.
- $\bullet \ \, \text{OTHER QUESTIONS?} \ \, \text{Go to the } \underline{\text{forum}}. \ \, \text{That is where we all hang-out.} \ \, \text{We would love to help you succeed.}$
- Have program suggestions? Would love hear them. I recognize certain techniques will work for certain people.



kemonline

Date: Aug 14, 2011

I used this program to successfully complete my first sprint tri last weekend! I was already a good cyclist, but hadn't been swimming regularly for years, and I hate running! I tried to complete the program as scheduled - wrote all the planned training on a blank calendar in one color, and then wrote in my "actual" times/distance/pace in another. Many weeks I juggled the workouts around to accommodate my schedule, and I missed a few workouts due to an injury (not sport-related). This plan made it easy for me to figure out what to do and when to do it, and I was VERY COMFORTABLE in my ability to finish. I had a goal to complete in a certain time, and I actually beat my goal time by 25 minutes! Have already recommended this plan to my friend who is going to try her first tri next year! good luck to all reading this.

#### The Complete Guide to Triathlon Swimming

If you want to compete in Triathlons, you have to befriend the swim, and I'll show you how.

#### Triathlon Swim Training

Measuring just 8' x 15', the Endless Pool, often referred to as a swimmer's treadmill, provides all the benefits of a full-size swimming pool in a fraction of the space.